#### **FACULTY OF LAW**

## LL.B. (3 YDC) III Semester / LL.B. (5 YDC) VII Semester Examination

#### PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

#### Paper IV

Time: 3 Hours

[*Max. Marks*: 100

Section A – (Marks:  $5 \times 5 = 25$ )

- 1. Write short notes on any five of the following:
  - (a) Monism.
  - (b) De facto recognition.
  - (c) Codification.
  - (d) International delinquencies.
  - (e) High Seas.
  - (f) Paris Convention
  - (g) League of Nations.
  - (h) IMF.

Section B – (Marks:  $5 \times 15 = 75$ )

Answer all questions.

2. (a) Define International Law. Explain the nature and basis of International Law.

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- (b) Explain the various sources of International Law.
- 3. (a) What is State Succession? Explain the consequences of State Succession.

Or

- (b) Explain the various modes of acquisition of Nationality.
- 4. (a) What is Extradition? Explain the principles governing Extradition under International Law.

Or

- (b) Explain stages in the formation of Treaties. State the various grounds on which a Treaty may be terminated.
- 5. (a) What are Territorial Waters? Explain the rights and duties of coastal States in territorial waters.

Or

- (b) Explain the salient features of Outer Space Treaty 1967.
- 6. (a) Discuss the powers and functions of General Assembly of the UN.

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(b) Explain the jurisdiction of International Criminal Court.

#### **FACULTY OF LAW**

# LL.B (3 YDC) (III Semester)/LL.B. (5 YDC) (VII Semester) Examination JURISPRUDENCE

### Paper I

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 100

Section A – (Marks:  $5 \times 5 = 25$ )

- 1. Write short notes on any Five of the following:
  - (a) Historical source of law.
  - (b) Declaratory Precedents.
  - (c) Immunity.
  - (d) Obligation.
  - (e) Legal sanctions.
  - (f) Possessory remedies.
  - (g) Privilege.
  - (h) Retributive theory.

Section B – (Marks:  $5 \times 15 = 75$ )

Answer all questions.

2. (a) Discuss the various elements of Ancient Indian Jurisprudence.

Or

- (b) Explain the Austin theory of Command.
- 3. (a) Define the word 'Interpretation. Explain the principles of statutory interpretation.

Or

- (b) Bring out the distinction between custom and prescription.
- 4. (a) Whether immunity is granted to state for Acts of Servants in sovereign functions?

Or

(b) Explain the circumstances where relevance of Motive is essential under Law of Torts.

5. (a) Discuss the law relating to occupier's liability.

Or

- (b) Explain the rule of M.C. Mehta's Case, its exceptions.
- 6. (a) Criminal Justice System is based on certain theories with reference to punishment. Discuss.

Or

(b) Discuss the modes of Acquisition of Property.

## **FACULTY OF LAW**

# LL.B. (3 YDC) (III Semester) / LL.B. (5 YDC) (VII Semester) Examination LAW OF PROPERTY

### Paper II

Time: 3 Hours

[Max. Marks: 100

Section A – (Marks:  $5 \times 5 = 25$ )

- 1. Write short notes on any **five** of the following:
  - (a) Conditional Transfer.
  - (b) Transfer to Unborn Person.
  - (c) Doctrine of Marshalling.
  - (d) Subrogation.
  - (e) Forfeiture of lease.
  - (f) Onerous gift.
  - (g) Transfer of Actionable claims.
  - (h) Codicil.

## Section B – (Marks: $5 \times 15 = 75$ )

## Answer all questions.

2. (a) What is Doctrine of Election? Explain the principles on which the doctrine is based.

Or

- (b) Explain the doctrine of feeding the grant by estoppel as given U/S 43 of TP Act with illustrations.
- 3. (a) What is property? Discuss the meaning in concept of property and explain the kinds of properties.

Or

- (b) Discuss about the properties which can be transferred and which cannot be transferred.
- 4. (a) Define Sale. Explain the rights and liabilities of seller & buyer.

Or

(b) What is Mortgage? Explain the rights and liabilities of Mortgager and Mortgagee.

5. (a) Define lease and state its essentials features and discuss the rights and liabilities of a Lessor and Lessee.

Or

- (b) What is Gift? What are its essentials? Discuss various types of gifts.
- 6. (a) What is easement? Mention the conditions in which an easement can be acquired.

Or

(b) Define Will. Who can execute it? Discuss the rights and obligation of a Legatees.

#### **FACULTY OF LAW**

## LL.B. (3 YDC) III Semester/ LL.B. (5 YDC) VII Semester Examination

#### ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

#### Paper III

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 100

Section A – (Marks:  $5 \times 5 = 25$ )

- 1. Write short notes on any five of the following:
  - (a) Quasi Judicial function
  - (b) Separation Powers
  - (c) Henry VIII Clause
  - (d) Post decisional hearing
  - (e) Personal Bias
  - (f) Writ of Prohibition
  - (g) Sub-delegation
  - (h) Ombudsman.

Section B – (Marks:  $5 \times 15 = 75$ )

Answer all questions.

2. (a) "The primary purpose of Administrative Law is to keep the powers of government within their bounds, so as to protect the citizens against their abuse". Discuss.

Or

- (b) Discuss the relationship between Administrative Law and Constitutional Law. What are the areas common to both the laws?
- 3. (a) Evaluate the interpretation of Dicey's principle of Rule of Law in the context of the Indian Constitution.

.Or

- (b) Examine the extent to which the doctrine of separation of powers is incorporated in the Constitution of India.
- 4. (a) What are the permissible limits of delegated legislation? Whether power of modification of a statute can be delegated?

Or

(b) Define 'Delegated Legislation' and describe the factors leading to the growth of delegated legislation in India.

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5. (a) Explain the principle of 'Audi Alteram Partem' in the light of decided cases.

Or

- Explain the writ jurisdiction under Article 32 and 226 of the Constitution of India. Is a writ an effective remedy against administrative action.
- 6. (a) What is Administrative Tribunal'? What are the advantages of tribunals compared to the Court system?

Or

(b) Explain the liability of the Government in Torts in India and discuss the emerging trend in the interpretation of tortuous liability of state with the help of decided cases.